CTRAPS: CTAP Client Impersonation and API Confusion on FIDO2

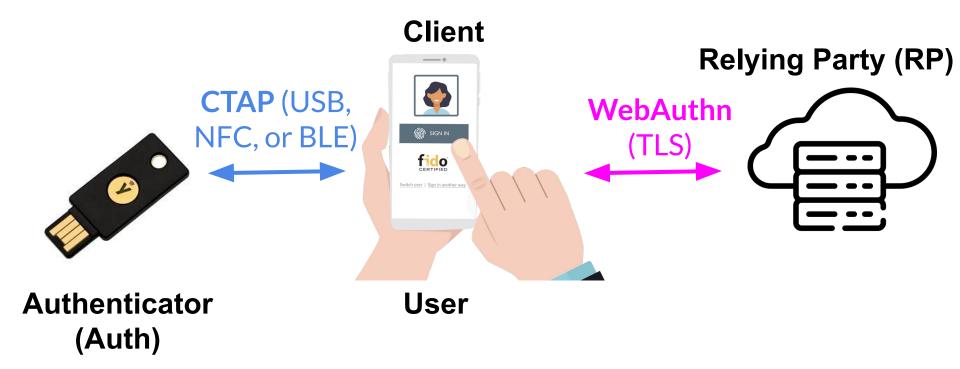
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M. Casagrande (KTH) D. Antonioli (EURECOM).





FIDO2 Entities and CTAP and WebAuthn Protocols



CTRAPS Motivation

- FIDO2 trusted by billions of accounts daily
 - CTAP attacks have critical S&P impact (delete creds, track, ...)
 - Regardless of transport (USB, NFC, BLE) and target (Cli, Auth)
- Limited prior work on CTAP
 - Formal verif and theoretical eve, spoof, MitM attacks on CTAPv2.0 [Barbosa21,Guan22]
 - Practical MitM on CTAPv2.1 DH [Barbosa23]

CTRAPS Contributions

- First S&P evaluation of the CTAP Authenticator API
 - Uncover 7 design issues (unauth Client, ...)
 - Affecting CTAP v2.0, v2.1, and v2.2
- Two new attack classes resulting in 11 CTRAPS attacks
 - Client Impersonation attacks (Cl₁, ...,Cl₄)
 - Client-Auth API Confusion attacks (AC₁, ..., AC₇)
 - Eg: Reset Authenticator via NFC with 0-click
- Open source <u>CTRAPS toolkit</u> (virt testbed, 4 Clients, ...)
- Evaluation exploiting 16 FIDO2 devices (Auth, Cli, RP)
- Discuss 8 backward-compliant fixes

CTRAPS Authenticator API Attack Surface

CTAP API	SN	UV	UP	Subcmd
MakeCred	MC	Yes	Yes	No
GetAssertion	GA	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes
CredMgmt	CM	Yes	No	Yes
ClientPin	CP	Yes ²	No	Yes
Reset	Re	No	Yes	No
Selection	Se	No	Yes	No
GetInfo	GI	No	No	No

UV: User enters on Client PIN or password

UP: User presses a button on Auth or Auth and Client in NFC range

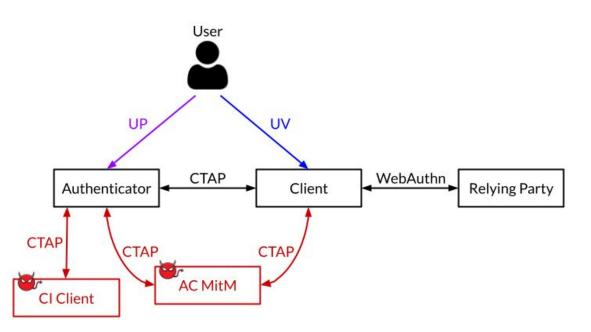
Yes¹: depends on Client and RP configuration

Yes²: depends on the API subcommand.

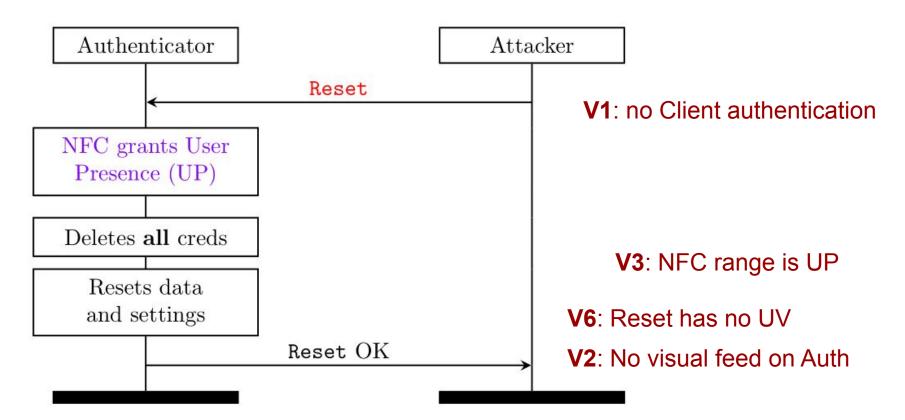
CTRAPS Threat Model

Attacker focuses on design issues on CTAP Auth API.

CI and AC attackers are in proximity (eg: NFC range with Auth) or remote (eg: malicious app spoofing Client on User's phone)



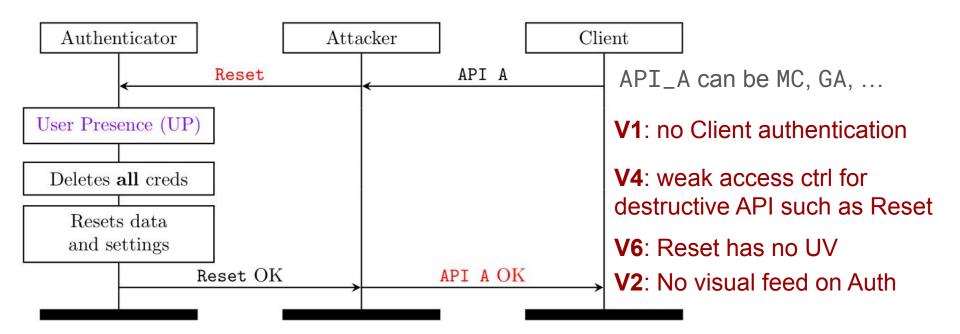
CI₁ Attack: Factory Reset Auth over NFC (Reset)



Four CI Attacks

- Cl₁: Factory Reset Authenticator (Reset)
- Cl₂: Track User from Creds (GetAssertion)
- Cl₃: Force Authenticator lockout (ClientPin)
- Cl₄: Profile Authenticator (GetInfo)

AC₂ Attack: Factory Reset Auth (Reset)



CTRAPS Seven AC Attacks

- AC₁: Delete Discoverable Creds (CredMgmt)
- AC₂: Factory Reset Authenticator (Reset)
- AC₃: Track User from Credentials (GetAssertion)
- AC₄: Fill Authenticator Credentials Storage (MakeCred)
- AC₅: Force Authenticator Lockout (ClientPin)
- AC₆: Authenticator DoS (Selection)
- **AC**₇: Profile Authenticator (**GetInfo**)

CTRAPS Exploit 6 Authenticators

Authenticator	\mathbf{CI}_1	\mathbf{CI}_2	\mathbf{CI}_3	\mathbf{CI}_4	\mathbf{AC}_1	\mathbf{AC}_2	AC_3	\mathbf{AC}_4	AC_5	AC_6	AC ₇
YubiKey 5	1	/	1	1	1	✓	/	/	/	n/a	/
YubiKey 5 FIPS	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	/	1	n/a	1
Feitian K9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	n/a	1
Solo V1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	n/a	1
Solo V2 Hacker	1	/	1	1	1	/	/	/	/	1	1
OpenSK	1	✓	1	✓	✓	1	1	1	/	1	1

Auths vulnerable to all CI attacks Auths vulnerable to all AC attacks

n/a: not applicable as Auth does not implement Selection

CTRAPS Exploit 10 Relying Parties (RPs)

Rp	RpId	Cred	Delete Creds	Track User	DoS Authenticator
Adobe	adobe.com	Disc	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6
Apple	apple.com	DiscWeak	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6
DocuSign	account.docusign.com	NonDisc	CI_1 , AC_2	n/a	CI_3 , AC_5 , AC_6
Facebook	facebook.com	NonDisc	CI_1 , AC_2	n/a	CI_3 , AC_5 , AC_6
GitHub	github.com	Disc	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6
Hancock	hancock.ink	Disc	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6
Microsoft	login.microsoft.com	DiscWeak	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6
NVidia	login.nvgs.nvidia.com	Disc	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6
Synology	account.synology.com	Disc	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6
Vault Vision	auth.vaultvision.com	Disc	CI_1 , AC_1 , AC_2	CI_2 , AC_3	CI_3 , AC_4 , AC_5 , AC_6

DiscWeak: discoverable and unprotected
Cannot login and lost creds, Account trackable, Cannot login
n/a: not applicable because RP does not support Disc Creds