

BLUFFS: Bluetooth Forward and Future Secrecy Attacks and Defenses



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Bluetooth (BT)

- BT is a pervasive low-power wireless technology
 - Specified in [bluetooth-core.pdf \(v5.4\)](#) (layers, security, ...)
 - **BC: Bluetooth Classic**
 - **BLE: Bluetooth Low Energy**
 - Used by smartphones, laptops, cars, wearables, sensors, ...
- **One BT spec vulnerability → Billions of exploitable devices**
 - 2021: **BLUR** cross-transport overwrites on [BC/BLE](#)
 - 2020: **BIAS** authentication bypasses on [BC](#)
 - 2019: **KNOB** key downgrades on [BC](#) and [BLE](#)

BT Security

- Pairing
 - *Pairing key (PK)*, long term, BLE entropy negotiation
 - Optionally authenticated (numeric PIN, ...)
- Session Establishment
 - *Session key (SK)*, fresh, BC entropy negotiation
 - $SK = \text{kdf}(PK, \text{pars})$
- Negotiable security mode
 - Secure Connections (SC)
 - Legacy Secure Connections (LSC)

Forward and Future Secrecy (FoS, FuS)

- **Forward Secrecy (FoS)**
 - Protects **past** sessions against **key** compromise
 - Eg: **key** = HKDF(const, key_past)
- **Future Secrecy (FuS)**
 - Protects **future** sessions against **key** compromise
 - Eg: **key_future** = HKDF(dhss, key)
- **BT FoS and FuS guarantees?**
 - **Not** discussed in the BT spec and **no prior** evaluation
 - Despite **widespread** in the real-world (TLS1.3, Signal, ...)



Contributions

- First study on BT FoS and FuS
- Uncover 2 FoS/FuS vulns in BC SK derivation
- Develop 6 BLUFFS attacks breaking BC sessions' FoS/FuS
- Exploit 18 popular devices (Intel, Broadcom, Apple, Google, Microsoft, CSR, Logitech, Infineon, Bose, Dell, Xiaomi, ...)
- Fix the attacks with a compliant and practical protocol
- Report critical findings to BT SIG, get [CVE-2023-24023](#)
- Release [BLUFFS toolkit](#) to test the attacks and BC FoS/FuS



BLUFFS Threat model

- **BC should** provide **FoS** and **FuS** among sessions
 - Fresh SKs, PK not compromised
- Alice (Central) and Bob (Peripheral)
 - Paired and share PK
 - Use SC or LSC
- **Charlie (attacker)**
 - Model: proximity-based, cannot compromise PK or all SKs
 - Goals: break sessions' **FoS** and **FuS**
 - Impact: impersonate and MitM devices across sessions



BLUFFS Attacks

t_0 : Alice and Bob establish PK

t_1 : Charlie forces **weak SK_C** , saves **SK_C** kdf pars, sniffs s_{t_1}, \dots

t_2 : Charlie brute forces **SK_C** and **breaks s_{t_1}, \dots, s_{t_2}** (breaks FoS)

t_3 : Charlie re-forces **SK_C** and **breaks s_{t_3}, s_{t_4}, \dots** (breaks FuS)

BLUFFS Attacks



t_0 : Alice and Bob establish PK

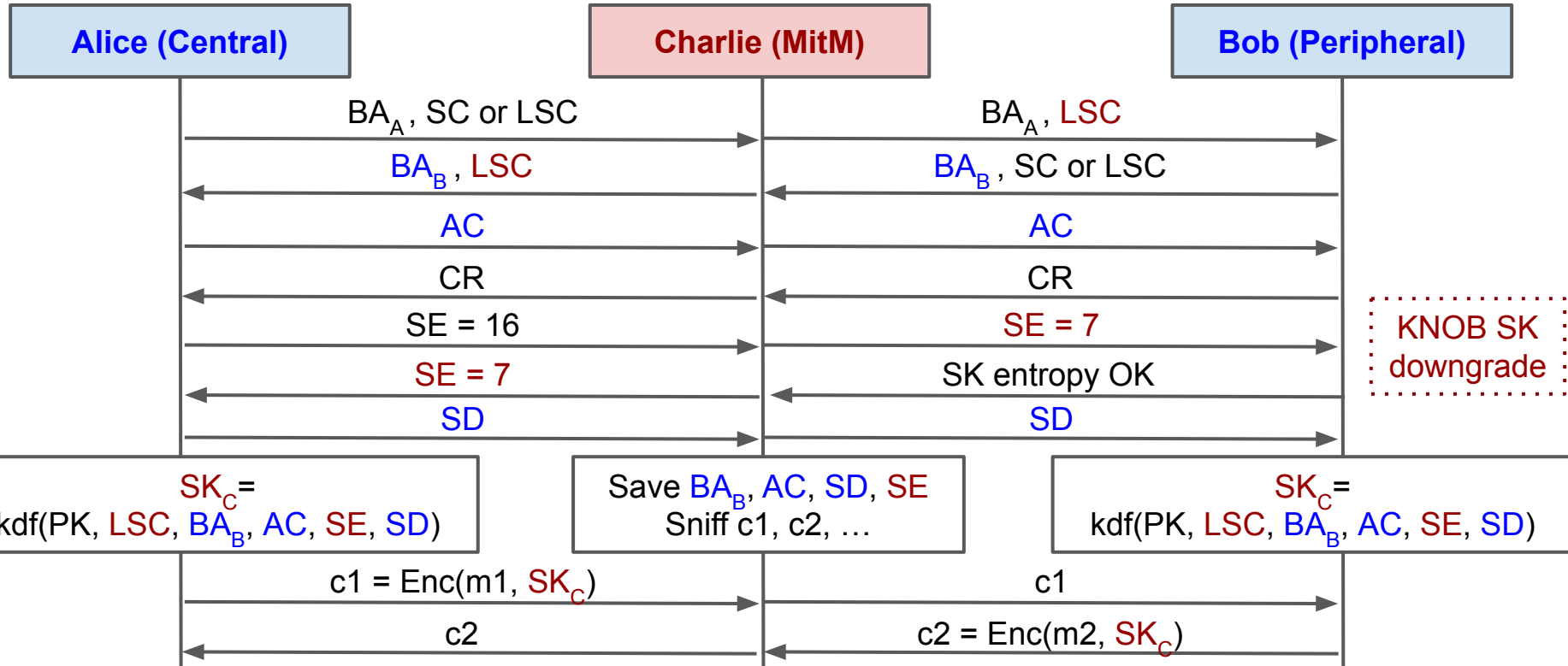
t_1 : Charlie forces **weak SK_C** , saves **SK_C** kdf pars, sniffs s_{t_1}, \dots

t_2 : Charlie brute forces **SK_C** and **breaks s_{t_1}, \dots, s_{t_2}** (breaks **FoS**)

t_3 : Charlie re-forces **SK_C** and **breaks s_{t_3}, s_{t_4}, \dots** (breaks **FuS**)

t_∞ : Charlie **celebrates (One More Time)!**

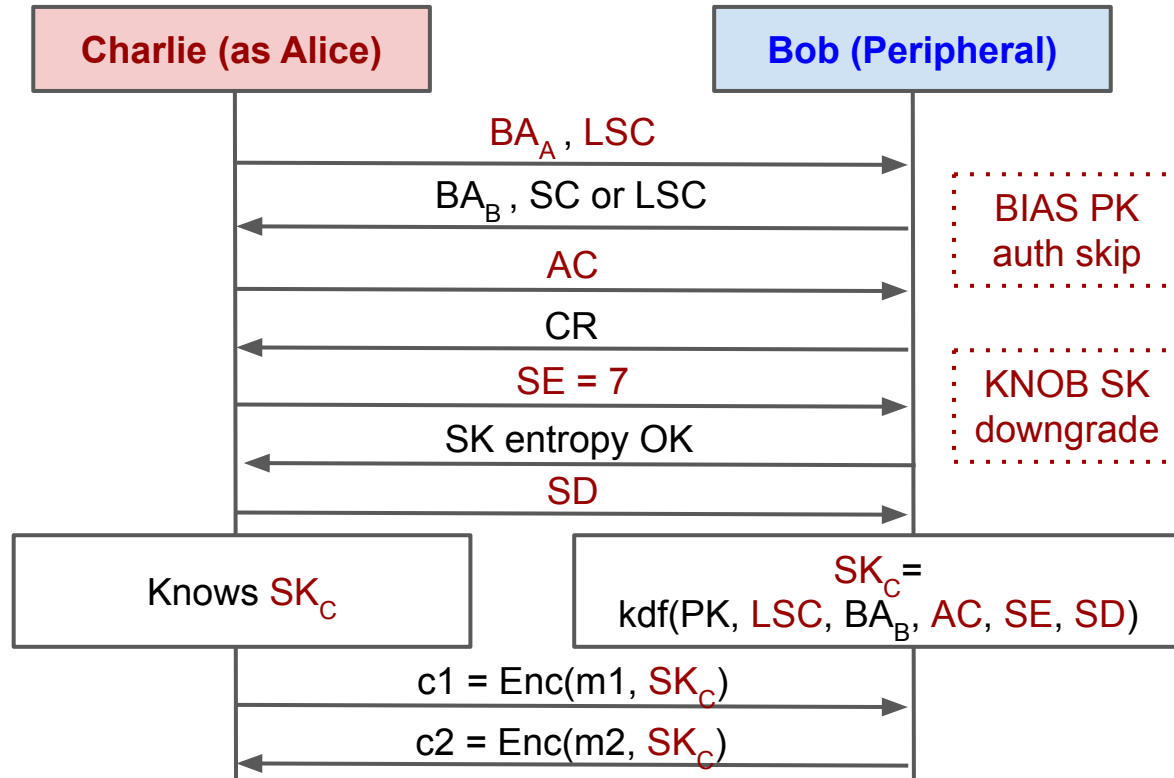
t1: Force **weak** SK_C , save SK_C kdf pars, sniff [A3, A6]



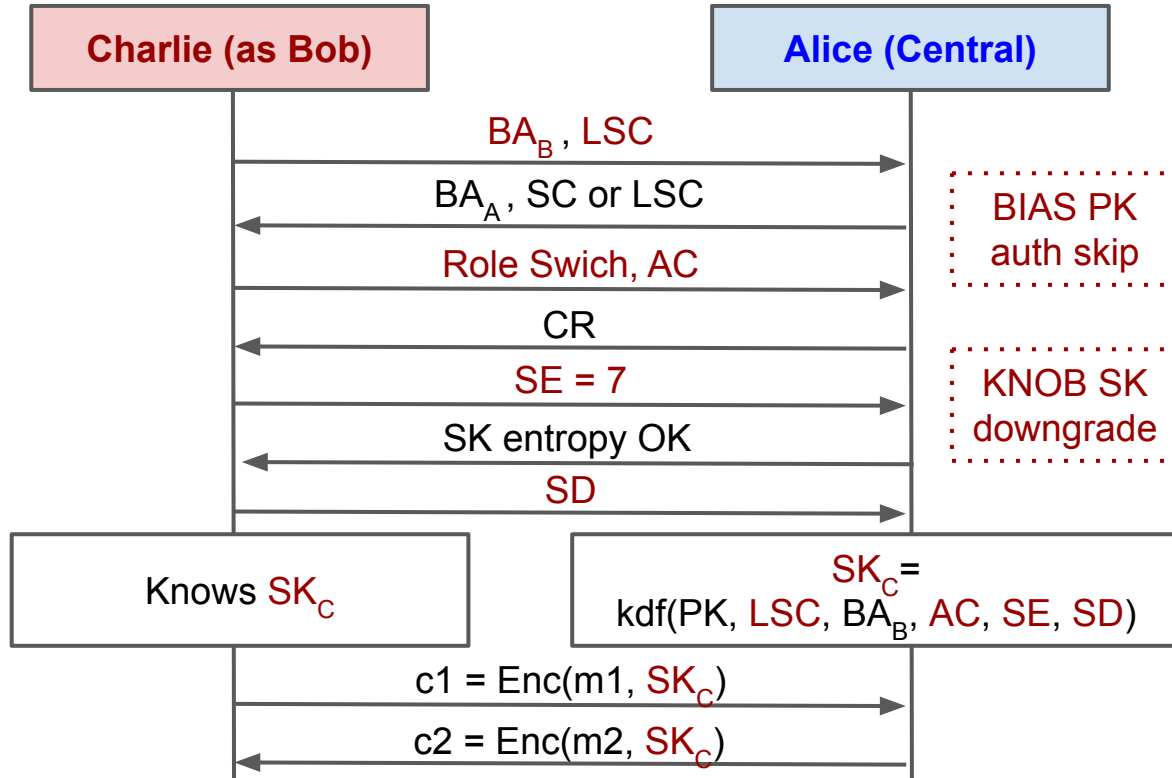
t2: Brute force SK_C and break s_{t_1}, \dots, s_{t_2} (break FoS)

- SK_C has 56 bits of entropy ($SE = 7$)
 - 2^{55} trials on average (other than 2^{55} x sessions)
 - 56 bit sym keys broken since DES ([Deep Crack](#), [COPACOBANA](#))
 - [keylength.com](#) sets a min of 84 bits (56 bits in 1982)
 - Doable in weeks with a low-cost setup
- SK_C has 8 bits of entropy ($SE = 1$)
 - Doable in real time (even with pen and paper)

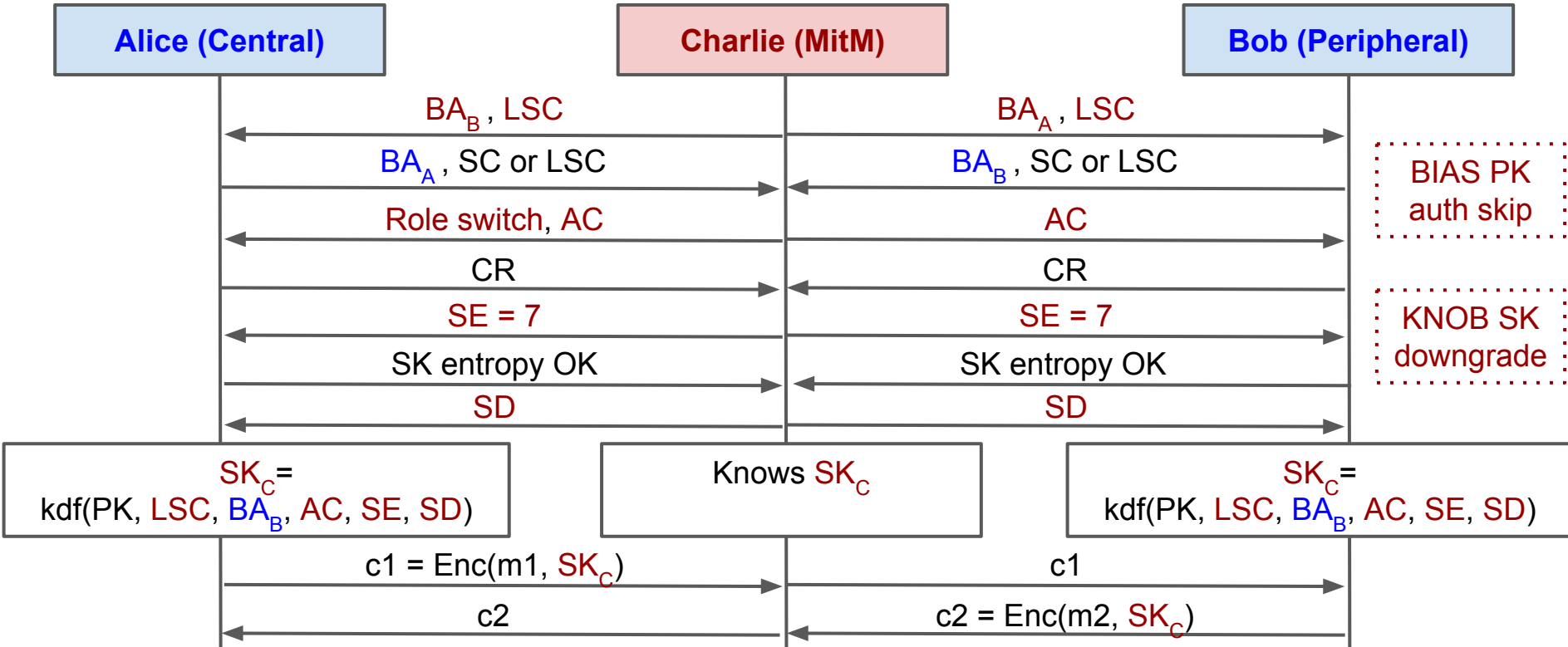
t3: Re-force SK_C and break s_{t3}, s_{t4}, \dots (break FuS) [A1, A4]



t3: Re-force SK_C and break s_{t_3}, s_{t_4}, \dots (break FuS) [A2, A5]



t3: Re-force SK_C and break s_{t3}, s_{t4}, \dots (break FuS) [A3, A6]



BLUFFS Attacks Summary and Root Causes (Vulns)

BLUFFS attack	RC1	RC2	RC3	RC4
A1: Spoofing a LSC Central	✓	✓	✓	×
A2: Spoofing a LSC Peripheral	✓	✓	✓	×
A3: MitM LSC victims	✓	✓	✓	×
A4: Spoofing a SC Central	✓	✓	✓	✓
A5: Spoofing a SC Peripheral	✓	✓	✓	✓
A6: MitM SC victims	✓	✓	✓	✓

RC1: LSC SK diversification is unilateral

RC2: LSC SK diversification does not use nonces

RC3: LSC SK diversifiers are not integrity protected

RC4: Downgrading SC to LSC does not require authentication

BLUFFS Attacks Exploiting 18 devices (17 chips)

Chip	Device(s)	BTv	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6
<i>LSC Victims</i>								
Bestechnic BES2300	Pixel Buds A-Series ³	5.2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Apple H1	AirPods Pro	5.0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cypress CYW20721	Jaybird Vista	5.0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CSR/Qualcomm BC57H687C-GITM-E4	Bose SoundLink ^{1,2}	4.2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Intel Wireless 7265 (rev 59)	Thinkpad X1 3rd gen	4.2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CSR n/a	Logitech BOOM 3 ¹	4.2	✓	×	✓	✓	×	✓
<i>SC Victims</i>								
Infineon CYW20819	CYW920819EVB-02	5.0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cypress CYW40707	Logitech MEGABLAST	4.2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Qualcomm Snapdragon 865	Mi 10T ⁴	5.2	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Apple/USI 339S00761	iPhones 12 ⁴ , 13 ⁴	5.2	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Intel AX201	Portege X30-C ⁴	5.2	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Broadcom BCM4389	Pixel 6 ⁴	5.2	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Intel 9460/9560	Latitude 5400 ⁴	5.0	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Qualcomm Snapdragon 835	Pixel 2 ⁴	5.0	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Murata 339S00199	iPhone 7 ⁴	4.2	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Qualcomm Snapdragon 821	Pixel XL ⁴	4.2	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Qualcomm Snapdragon 410	Galaxy J5 ⁴	4.1	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×



Conclusion and Q&A

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- Develop 6 BLUFFS attacks breaking BC sessions' FoS/FuS
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